SIGOS Mobile roaming testing tool

Project handled by

Sarmad Mohamad Abdul-Hakim

Hardware installation and service testing

2025

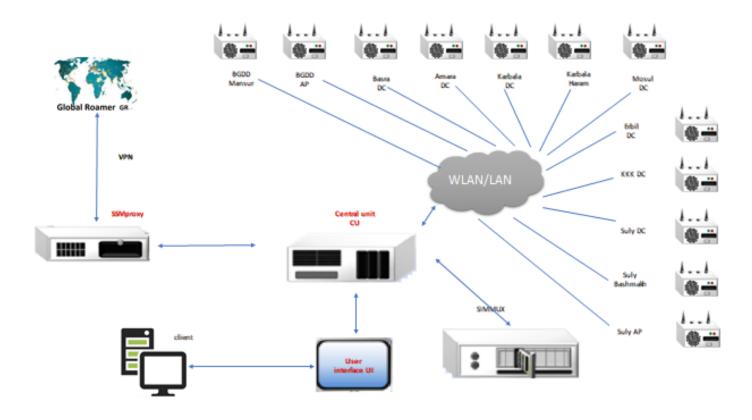
SIGOS (Service Integration and Global Optimization System).

System Brief: SIGOS testing tool is used to run periodic and ad-hoc mobile roaming tests that are used to measure the quality of services and speed us testing process by automating the process and handle it without depending on roaming partners or other operators.

Core Function and Service(s):

- Site CU server: The central server which controls the testing process and communicates with all other equipment's functions to facilitate the test.
- UI: User Interface to access the SITE portal and run the needed tests
- SIMMUX: A box that hold the physical test SIM cards that are selected prior performing the tests
- CLU Probes: connect to Asiacell radio network (similar to mobile) and used to run and simulate the required quality tests. They are connected to CU server through Asiacell local network.
- GRP SSM-Proxy: Used to connect with Sigos Global Roamer server in Germany, it facilitates the outbound and international testing with other countries by using Sigos worldwide distributed probes.
 - The Architecture and Network Design including:
 - High Level Design (HLD): a diagram that shows the overall system/service design describing the relation between various modules and functions of the system/service
 - Low Level Design (LLD): dig down diagram, tables, sheets that defines the actual logic for each and every component of the system/service, including interfaces, connections, IP addresses, etc. between them.
 - Data Flow Diagram (DFD): a sequential flow diagram with table or matrix sheets that shows how each component of the system / service is communicating with each other for common uses cases.

High Level Design (HLD)



System elements description and OS

Elements	Description / Functionality	Operating System
sitecu	Center unit that control the testing process	Linux SUSE v.10
siteui	User Interface to allow access to SITE portal	Linux SUSE v.10
simmux	SIM cards box handler	Linux SUSE v.10
ssmProxy	Proxy server to allow access to SIGOS GR	Linux SUSE v.10
backup	Backup CU for redundancy	Linux SUSE v.10

clu-fermanday	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
clu-bgd-ap	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
clu-bgd-mt	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
clu-kkk-rehemawa	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
clu-erbil- newbuilding	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
clu-bas-barathya	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
clu-bas-amara	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
clu-Karbula	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
clu-bashmakh	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
CLU-Suly Airport	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10

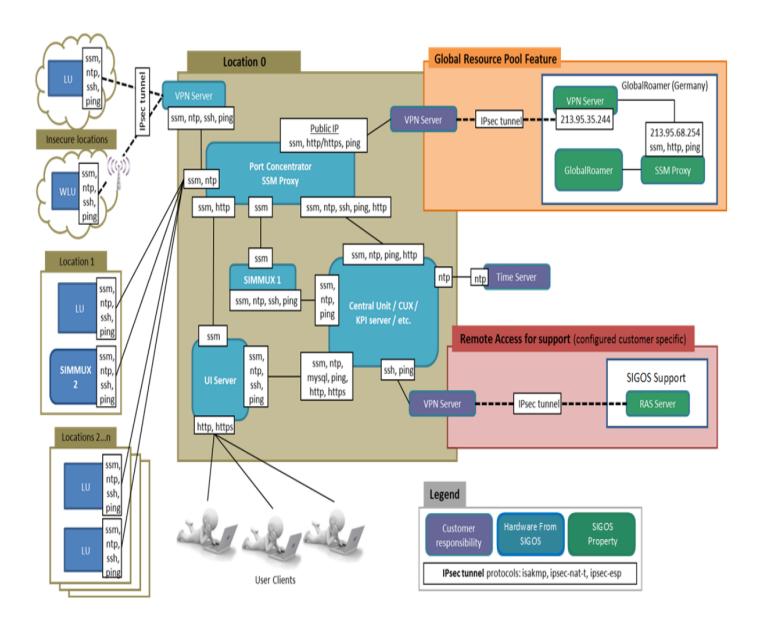
CLU-Karbala-Haram	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
CLU Mosul	Probe with antennas to perform the scheduled tests (act as a mobile)	Linux SUSE v.10
SNMP	The O&M manager checks system components regularly and generates an alarm	Linux SUSE v.10
GRP	SIGO GR connected to probes in other countries (Located in Germany)	Linux SUSE v.10

IP configuration: With cooperation from IP-planning colleagues, each element is assigned an IP according to location and available range using Linux command by vendor.

System	IP Address	Туре
sitecu	10.75.160.105	Virtual
siteui	172.16.165.208	Virtual
simmux	192.168.101.183	Physical
ssmProxy	10.75.164.122	Virtual
backup	192.168.101.187	Virtual
clu-fermanday	192.168.101.184	Physical

clu-bgd-ap	192.168.0.181	Physical
clu-bgd-mt	192.168.50.181	Physical
clu-kkk-rehemawa	192.168.88.181	Physical
clu-erbil-newbuilding	192.168.32.181	Physical
clu-bas-barathya	192.168.16.181	Physical
clu-bas-amara	192.168.20.181	Physical
clu-Karbula	192.168.24.181	Physical
clu-bashmakh	172.22.157.30	Physical
WLU-Suly Airport	172.31.118.1	Physical
CLU-Karbala-Haram	172.17.115.196	Physical
CLU Mosul	192.168.70.81	Physical
SNMP	192.168.165.149	Physical

Low Level Design (LLD)



Data Flow Design (DFD)

	Destination IP					
Source IP address	address	Service / port / protocol				
10.75.160.105	172.16.165.208	ssm, ssh, ping				
10.75.160.105	192.168.101.183	ssm, ssh, ping				
	192.168.101.184					
	192.168.60.181					
	192.168.0.181					
	192.168.50.181					
	192.168.105.181					
	192.168.88.181					
10.75.160.105	192.168.32.181	ssm, ssh, ping				
	192.168.8.181					
	192.168.16.181					
	192.168.20.181					
	192.168.24.181					
	172.22.157.30					
	172.31.118.1					
172.16.165.208	10.75.160.105	ssm, ntp, mysql, http,				
		ping				
172.16.165.208	10.75.164.122	ssm, http				
192.168.101.184						
192.168.60.181						
192.168.0.181						
192.168.50.181						
192.168.105.181						
192.168.88.181						
192.168.32.181	10.75.160.105	ssm, ntp, ping				
192.168.8.181						
192.168.16.181						
192.168.20.181						
192.168.24.181						
172.22.157.30						
172.31.118.1						

192.168.101.184 192.168.60.181 192.168.0.181 192.168.50.181 192.168.105.181 192.168.88.181 192.168.32.181 192.168.8.181 192.168.16.181 192.168.20.181 192.168.24.181 172.22.157.30	192.168.101.183	ssm	
172.31.118.1 192.168.101.183	10.75.160.105	ssm, ntp, ping	
any computer (Client)			
10.75.160.105			
10.75.164.122			
10.73.104.122		33π, πιρ	
	0.105 10.75.164.122 ssm, ntp, ssh, ping,http 4.122 192.168.101.183 ssm, ntp 192.168.101.184 192.168.60.181		
	192.168.00.181		
	192.168.50.181		
	192.168.105.181		
	192.168.88.181		
10.75.164.122	192.168.32.181		
10.75.104.122			
		92.168.8.181 92.168.8.181 92.168.16.181	
	192.168.20.181		
	192.168.24.181		
	172.22.157.30		
	172.31.118.1	ssm, ntp, ssh, ping	

Physical installation

SIMMUX: server installed in Fermandayee Asiacell data centre with 15 SIM boxes, each box can handle 15 SIM cards. Below is the picture of the SIMMUX.



(SIMMUX)

CLUs (Probes):

The dimensions of the CLU are 443x44x270 mm3. The total height equals 4 high units of a rack. For the wiring of the Test Interfaces at the front and powering at the rear free space of at least 100 mm is required. The weight of a CLU5 is 4kg. Detailed dimensions is below.



Requirements and locations of CLUs installation:

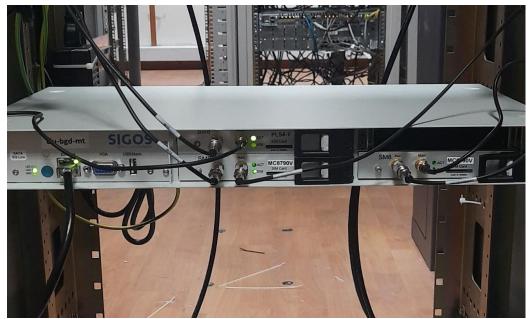
12 units installed in different location with below requirements for each unite:

- Coverage strength (-50 dBm to -90 dBm)
- RF cabinet with 4 high units in rack.
- Network connection with CU (Normal LAN connection RJ45): the connectivity is handled by IPNO
- Power source AC(220-240V).
- Environment (Temp 20- 40 °C)

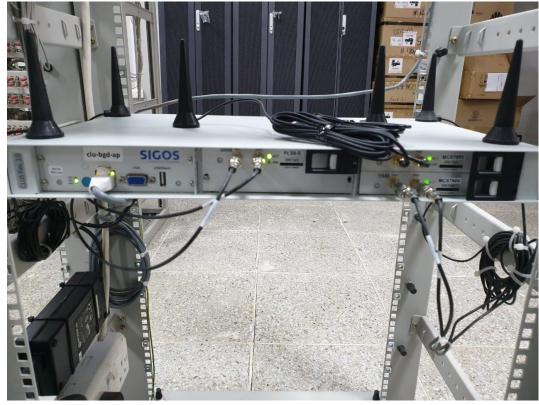
Table for CLUs Location

No	CLU name	CLU Location
1	Baghdad	(مكتب الوزيرية) Wazeriya
2	Baghdad AP	(مطار بغداد) Airport
	Suly	
3	Fermandayee	(فرماندیي داتا سنتر) Fermandayee
4	Suly Bashmakh	(مقر شرطة باشماخ) Bashmakh
5	Suly AP	(مطار السليمانية) Airpor
6	Erbil	(بناية اسيا سيل) Asiacell Bulding
7	Kirkuk	(اسیاسیل داتا سنتر) Rahemawa
8	Basra	(براضعية داتا سنتر) Brathiya
9	Karbala Haram	(حرم الحسين) Haram
10	Karbala	احي العسكر) BSC shelter
	Mosul data	
11	center	(المنطة الحرة داتا سنتر) Data center
12	Amara	(الحي الصناعي)

Pictures of each CLU after installation.



Baghdad Wazeriya



Baghdad Airport



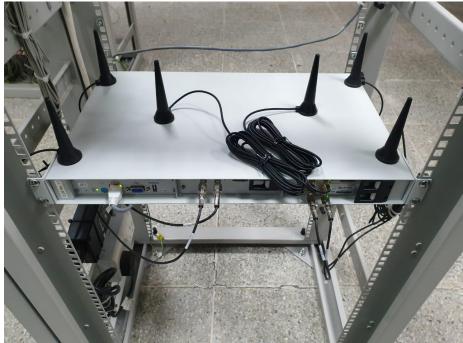
Suly Fermandayee



Suly Bashmakh



Suly Airpot



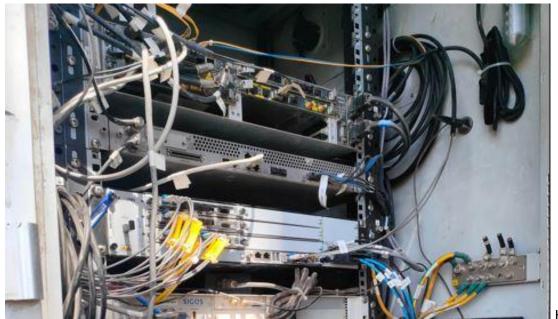
Erbil



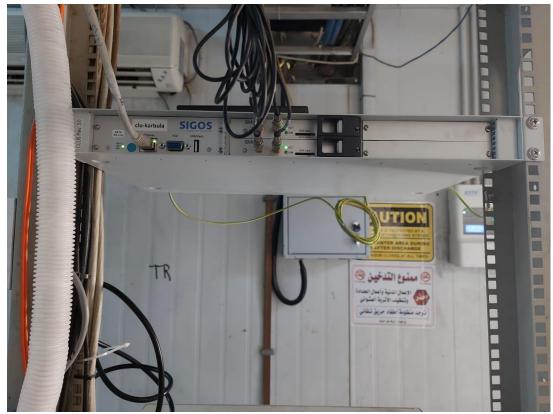
Kirkuk



Basra



Karbala Haram



KarbalaBSC shelter



Mosul data center

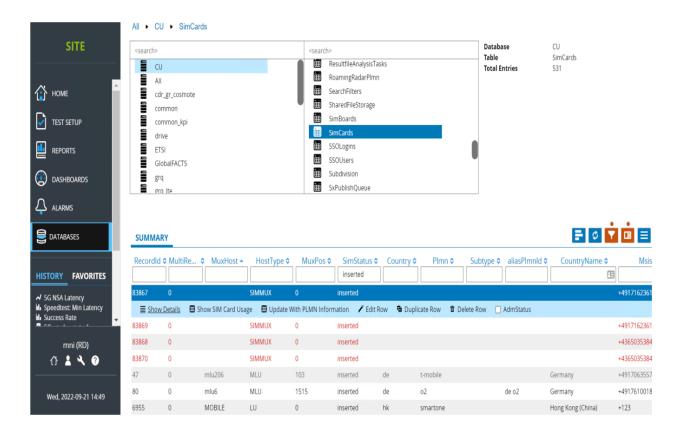


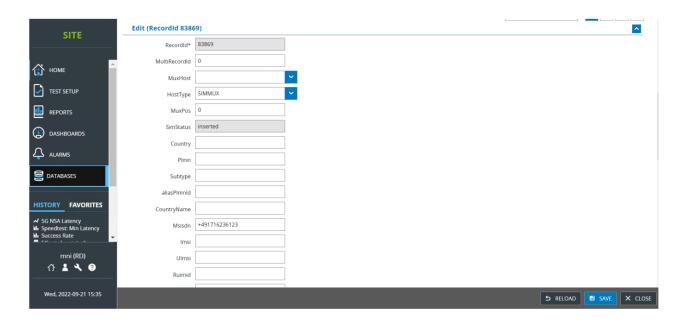
Amara

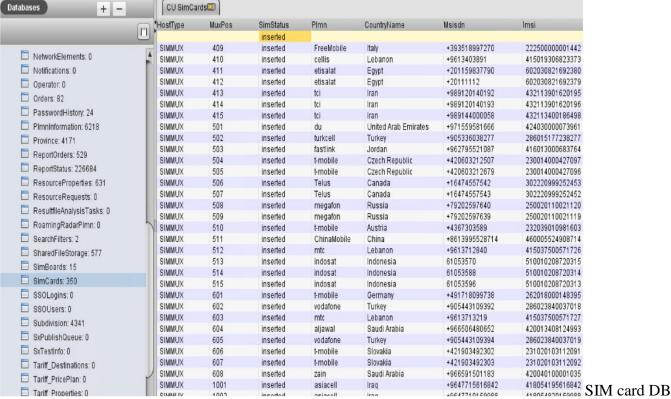
SIM cards configuration:

After inserting the SIM cards physically into SIMMUX, go to siteUI data base, then CU and click on "SIM cards" table. Follow below steps

- 1. Define a user or a group of users in the Restricted To field
- 2. Define a subtype that is used to identify this new batch of SIM cards in test cases like "postpaid_trials" (operator name already given in PLMN/Country)
- 3. Add a comment with information on the intended use of these SIM cards
- 5. Enter the MSISDN (starting with country code).
- 6. Click on SAVE to save the configuration.







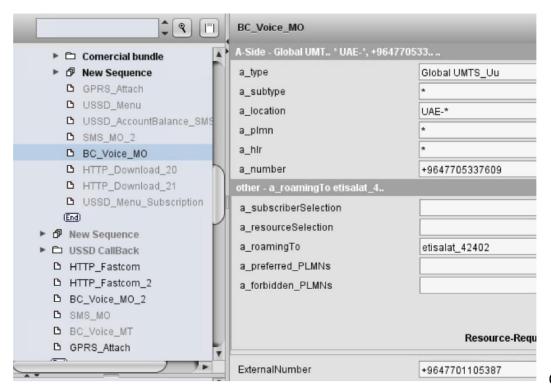
Service testing

Test cases

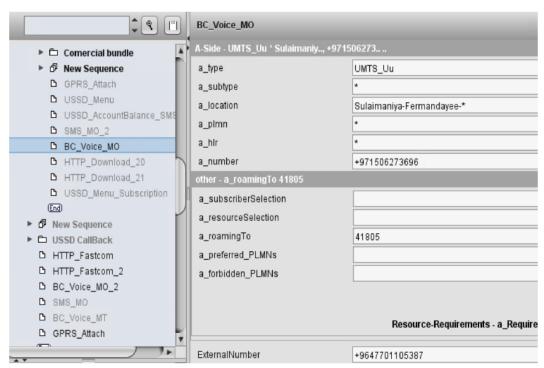
The system support hundreds of mobile network service tests, below are some basics:

Test Case Name	Description
Location Update	Registration on network
BC_Voice_MO	Basic voice call establishment to an
	external party
BC_Voice_MT	Basic voice call establishment from
	an
	external party
SMS_MO	Send SMS to any external number
SMS_MT	Receive an SMS from an external
	source
GPRS_Attach	Check whether a GPRS attach can be
	performed (2G/3G/4G).
HTTP_ps	Access URL and check the
	downloaded
	content for specified keywords.
USSD_AccountBalance	Send USSD Command to check the
	account balance.
Ookla_Speedtest	This test case uses Ookla's official
	command-line client for measuring
	the speed of Internet connection.
Forwarding_CFU	forwarding unconditional
BAOC	Activating Barring all outgoing calls
	and testing it
SMS_check_bill	Sending SMS and waiting for reply to
	check the bill
CSFB	Call service fall back, fall back from
	4G to 3G and make call
VoiceQuality	Call from A-Side to B-Side and
	perform speech quality check

Testing menu parameters



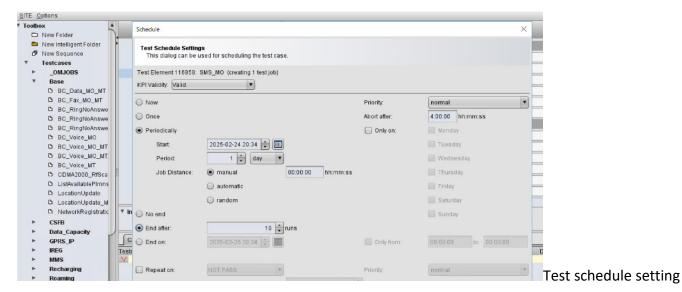
Outbound roaming



Inbound roaming

Scheduling Tests

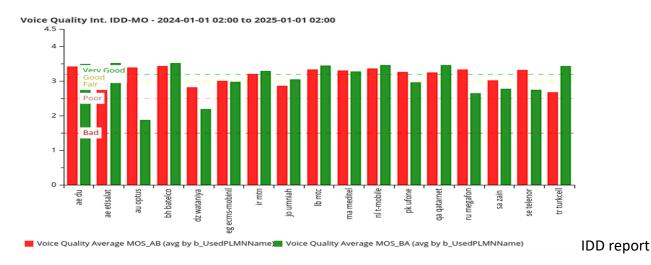
A test execution is arranged by scheduling it. The user can schedule a folder, a test case call or a sequence call from the test definition tree. In case of a folder, the scheduler creates an execution job for each test case or sequence within this folder or any sub-folders.



Reports

IDD (international direct dialing): it is a direct call from Asiacell number in Iraq to other countries, below is the report for scheduled Auto tests, quality of the voice will be measured as MOS (mean opinion score) which is global measurement from 1 to 4.5.

Destinations (DU UAE, Etisalat UAE, Optus Australia, Batelco Bahrain, Wataniya Algeria, Mobinil Egypt, MTN Iran, Umniah Jordan, MTC Lebanon, Meditel Morocco, T-Mobile Netherland, Ufone Pakistan, Qatarnet Qatar, Megafone Russia, Zain Saudi, Telenor Sweden & TURKCELL Turkey)



GRQ (Global roaming Quality): it is for outbound roaming quality, includes 4G (LTE) Speed test, attach, ping delay, packet loss....ect, below is a screenshot of the report showing us the quality under Ooredoo Group (Algeria, Indonesia, Kuwait, Maldives, Oman, Qatar and Tunisia)

sitecu Report											
Report GRQ Summar Definition/Periodic/Reporteration 2025-02-24 23 URL http://siteui.s	orts/Tempor 3:00:27 UTC	ary/GR0 0+03:00	_		,	,					
Speed test - 2024-01-01											
	dz wataniya <mark>id</mark>										
LTE Throughput DL [MBits/s]	9.89	5.66	16.37	11.12	12.07	7 12.48	11.96				
LTE Throughput UL [MBits/s]	8.33	8.93	11.41	6.26	6.57	7 11.38	8.91				
GRQ_matrix - 2024-01-0	1 00:00 to 2	2025-01	-01 00:00								
KPI↓		dz wataniya	id indosat	kw wataniya	mv wmobile	om Nawras	qa qatarnet	tn tunisiana	avg		
LTE_Attach_SuccessRatio_AV		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
LTE_Attach_Duration [Secon	ds]			9.25	16.56	7.03	7.3	6.64	8.38	7.19	8.61
LTE_PingRoundTripDelay_A	V [Milliseconds	s]		243.28	366.59	263.62	420	415.1	344.88	227.01	307.7
LTE_PingPacketLossPercent	_AV [Percenta	age]		0.46	0.96	0.87	0	0.66	0.08	0.63	0.59
LTE_Default_EPS_SuccessRatio_Activation_AV [Percentage]		100	100	100	100	100	99.8	100	99.96		
LTE_Default_EPS_BearerActivation_Duration_AV [Milliseconds]		56.86	82.88	67.91	48	79.98	65.18	70.35	70.05		
DNS_host_name_resolution_success_ratio [Percent]		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
DNS_host_name_resolution_time [Milliseconds]		108.11	538.7	459.9	379	1550.51	418.64	246.16	584.44		
HTTP_session_success_ratio [Percentage]		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
	_										

Upload/download in MB/S

Attach in Second

Ping in millisecond

